

Socialist Republic of Vietnam Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development Department of Crop Production

Presentation on Seed Sector – Plant Variety Protection Component

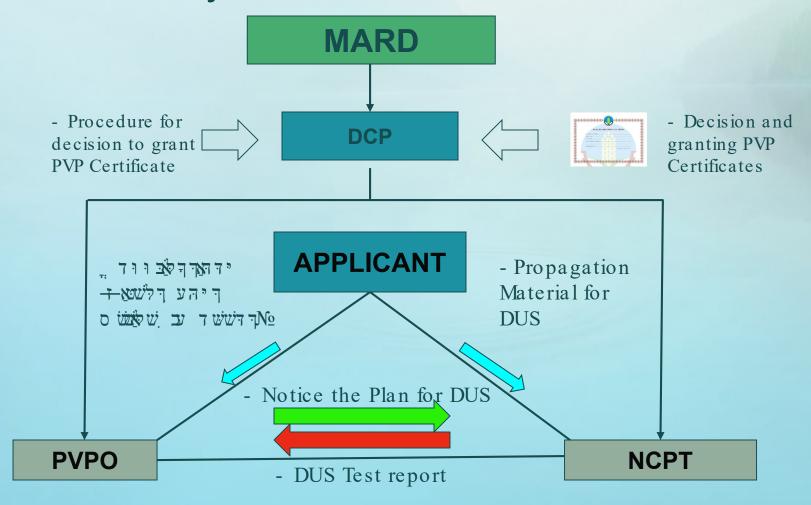
Ms. Cam Thi Hang Plant Variety Protection Office

OUTLINE OF THE PRESENTATION

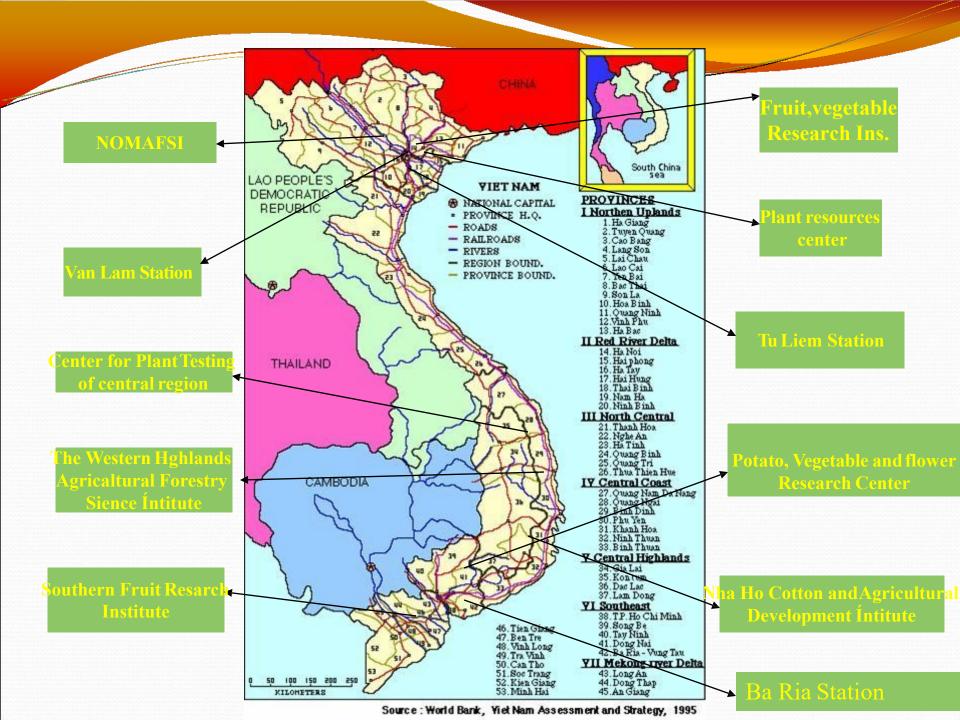
- >HISTORY OF PVP
- >IMPACT ON SOCIO-ECONOMY
- CHALLENGES AND NEXT PLAN

HISTORY OF PVP SYSTEM

Organization System



- > Examining the Validity (5 days)
- DUS Test Result and Name of the variety (90 days from receiving date).
- > Receiving propagating material
- > Conducting DUS Test
- ➤ Submitting DUS Test Report after 60 days of finishing DUS Growing Test



NUMBER OF VARIETIES CONDUCT TO TEST FOR DUS 5 YEAR RECENTLY

Plant	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Rice	120	116	124	98	96
Corn	48	47	52	38	29
Pumkin	0	0	2	3	1
Tomato	0	1	2	1	0
Cucumber	0	3	1	1	3
Kohlrabi	0	0	3	0	3
Soybean	5	2	1	4	5
Groundnut	15	6	11	4	1
Watermelon	0	0	1	1	1
squash	0	0	0	4	1

Brasscica 3, lufa 1, gourd, lettuce, okra, ...

Fees for PVP (Circular 207)

Filing (Million VND)	For DUS - 1 Var./1Appli (Million VND)	Maintaining of Certificate (Million VND)
	✓Rice: 24 ✓ Maize: 15	✓The years from $1 - 3: 3$ ✓The years from $4 - 6: 5$
2	✓Peanut: 18 ✓ Soybean: 16	✓The years from 7 – 9: 7 ✓The years from 10 – 15: 10 ✓From 16 th to finish: 20

(1 USD is about 22,300 VND)

- * Way of payment.
- ✓ First year: when receive Certificate
- ✓ From next years: First day of the year for effective of Certi.

- ✓ Operating the system under UPOV Convention
- ✓ Exploit the benefits of the system



Implementing PVP System under UPOV Convention

✓ Organizations to implement: PVPO/DUS

Test Office

✓ Drafting Legislation

Document (Law, Decree...)



2007-NOW

Establishing National PVP system and Preparations to join UPOV





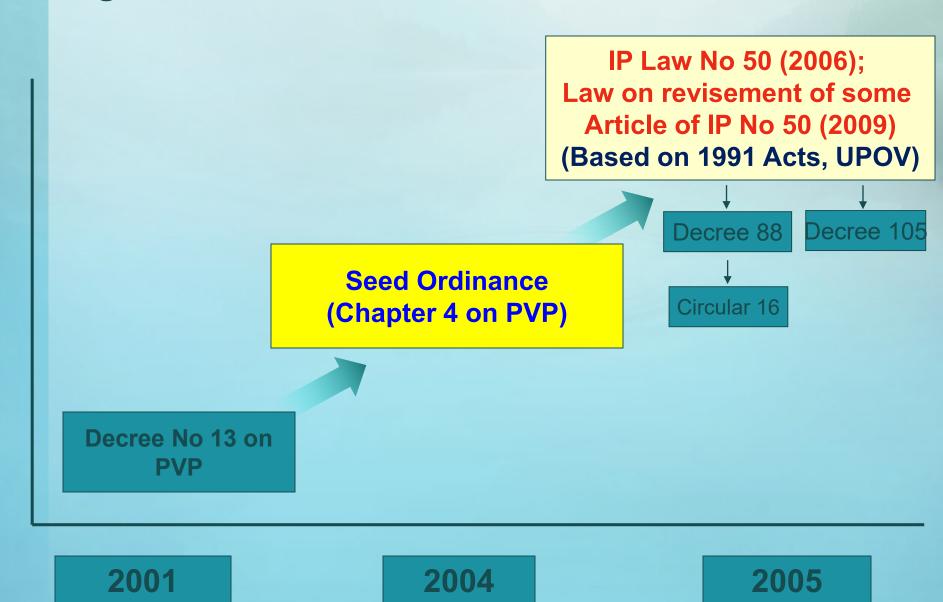
Study the real conception of PVP

1995-2000

2000-2006

- ✓ Dispatching staffs to Overseas
- ✓ Invite Experts from experienced countries and UPOV
- Seminars/ Workshops on PVP for relevant persons

Legislation on PVP



IMPACT ON SOCIO-ECONOMY

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New rose can be more expensive than old 10 to 15 times





Farmer produce under license from Owners



Farmers: income is

increased

Example on Protected/non protected Varieties (National Seed Company – NSC)

Invest to Breeding (National Seed Company - NSC):

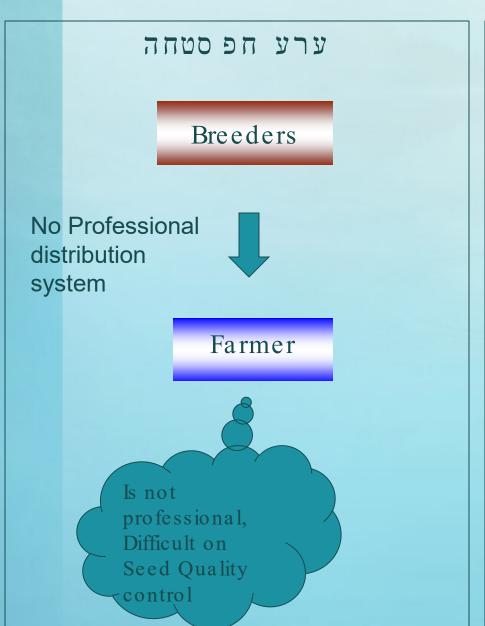
- ✓Before 2006: 13,500 USD
- ✓ After 2006: 10.5 Million USD 778 times

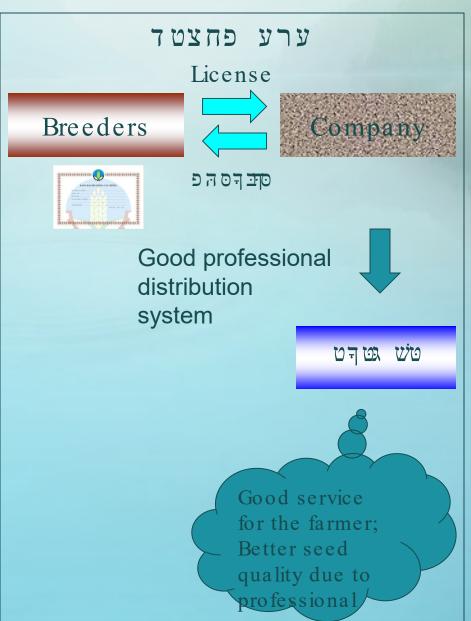
ltems	Protected Varieties	Non protected varieties
Price of Seed (rice, USD/ 1 kg)	1.42	0.66
Price of commercial grain is sold by farmer (rice, VND/ 1 kg)	6,500	5,500
Average income in 1 ha for farmer (rice); USD	1872	1265
Benefits from seed of protected varieties $\boldsymbol{\pi}$	 ✓ Better quality, productivity ✓ Better tolerance for bad climate and diseases, insect ✓ Reduce of invest for production 	? ?

Farmers: Opportunity to be Breeder

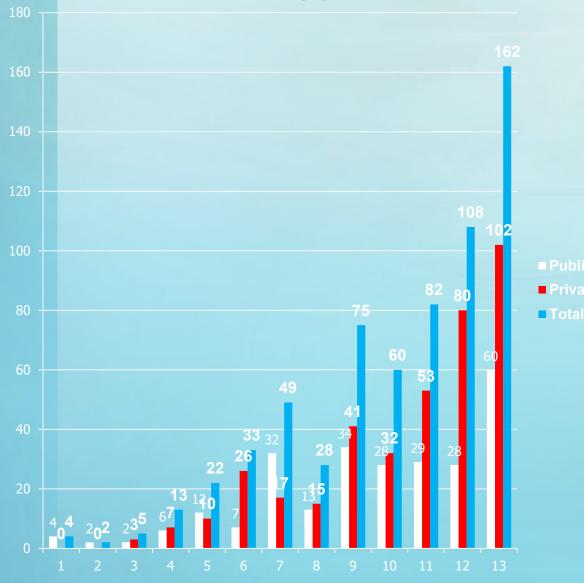


Seed Quality and Service is improved by a new system





Vietnam's applications: Private and Public sectors



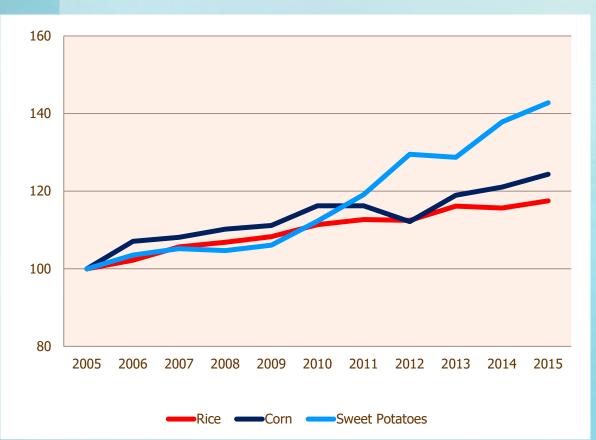
- Public sector(Government Budget):
 - ✓ Research Institutes
 - ✓ Universities
 - ✓ Research Centers(Central Government and provincial level)
- > Private sector:
 - ✓ Individual
 - √ VN's Seed Company

Government: Total productivity increased – Food Security

Plant breeding in Viet Nam: Yield vs. overall productivity developments



Vietnamese yield developments over time: major arable crops (index, 2005=100%)



- → Per annum since 2005:
 - rice: + 1.6 %,
 - corn: + 1.8 %,
 - sw. potatoes: + 3.6 %.
- → To compare, global yield increases are in the range of:
 - rice: + 1.3 %,
 - corn: + 1.1 %,
 - sw. potatoes: 0.3 %.
- → Can Viet Nam already be considered an out-performer?

Source: Own calculations and figure based on FAO (2016), GSO (2016) and IRRI (2016).

Contributing to the success of big policies on agriculture from Government



נסבצד דמסקנסו זנדמ



FOOD VALUE CHAIN



עספו נפחצצדע זחוכנדיפס חפ



SAFE CROP PRODUCTION

Positive Impact to SMEs

- ➤ Before PVP: almost of them are trade company (not interest in RD)
- > When PVP system is established:
 - ✓ Beginning: they are licensed to exploit PBR from owner (transferred)
 - ✓ They develop breeding facility
- Now, many of them have own breeding facility and become big with very good breeding facility.
- Increasing the ability on competition in global market.







Consumer: Diversification of products on living













CHALLENGES AND NEXT PLAN

MOU on mutual accepting the DUS Test reports

Signing date

Country

Japan	August, 2007 April, 2016 (free of charge)	
France	January 2011	
The Netherlands	March, 2011	
EU	May 2011	
Singapore		 ✓ Negotiation: Email ✓ Signing by each side then exchange through Post mail.
Korea	April, 2017	

Photos

Enforcement of PBR

- Difficults
- Percentage of Farmer is high with small scale
- >PVP is new for the relevant office on enforcement

- Solutions
- To improve aware on PVP to the relevant persons by
 - ✓ Seminar/workshops
 - ✓ Publications
- Building the cooperation between PVP and Associations as Seed Association and others

To promote of International Cooperation

- Cooperation on examination
 of application (UPOV and
 EAPVP Members) − To make
 more effective system
- Sharing experiences with region countries
- Harmonization on technical and administrative procedures



9th Meeting of EAPVP (Hanoi 6th September 2016)



Sharing experience with regional countries

- Upov, EAPVP and other
 Members, implementing some
 activities:
 - ✓ Seminar on PVP
 - ✓ Training in Vietnam
- Providing the service of conducting DUS Test for some crops to other country.





Thank you for your attention

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